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BriXpert series is a new sub-brand/series set up by Mould King. Models of this series are all designed or authorized by top designers/MOCers around the world, aiming at bringing consumers with high-level brick sets and a unique building experience.

## 广东宇星科技

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五虎上将,出自于《三国演义》,是指汉末三国时期,跟随刘备建立蜀汉政权的五位将军。分别为关羽、张飞、赵云、马超、黄忠。陈寿最早作《三国志》时,将五人并列合为一传,但还并未提出五虎上将的概念,而后经过漫长的历史演变,这五人被塑造成五虎将,并在文学作品、历史书籍、个人作品集都有不同程度的记录,在民间更是以艺术的形式被广为流传,随着时代的发展,五人的人物顺序也出现各种版本的改变。清乾隆皇帝主持修订的《四库全书》也将五虎收录。

General Wu Hu, derived from the Romance of the Three Kingdoms, refers to the five generals who followed Liu Bei to establish the Shuhan regime in the late Han and Three Kingdoms period. They are Guan Yu, Zhang Fei, Zhao Yun, Ma Chao and Huang Zhong. When Chen Shou first wrote the Annals of the Three Kingdoms, he juxtaposed the five men into one biography, but he did not put forward the concept of Five Tiger Generals. After a long historical evolution, the five men were shaped into Five Tiger Generals, and they were recorded to varying degrees in literary works, historical books, and personal works collections. They were widely spread in the folk in the form of art. With the development of the times, the order of the five men's characters also changed in various versions. The revised Siku Quanshu, presided over by Emperor Qianlong of the Qing Dynasty, also included the Five Tigers.



关羽,字云长,河东解良今山西运城人,东汉末年名将,早期跟随刘备辗转各地,曾被曹操生擒,于白马坡斩杀袁绍大将颜良,与张飞一同被称为万人敌。刘备起兵时,关羽跟随刘备,忠心不二,深受刘备信任。刘备、诸葛亮等入蜀国,关羽镇守州,刘备夺取汉中后,关羽乘势北伐魏国,曾围裹樊、搞于禁、斩庞德、威震华夏,中原震动,但是东吴偷袭荆州,关羽兵败被害。关羽去世后,逐渐被神化,被民间尊为"关公";历代朝廷多有褒封,清代奉为"忠义神武灵佑仁勇威显关圣大帝",崇为"武圣",与"文圣"孔子齐名。《三国演义》尊其为蜀国"五虎"之首,毛宗岗称其为"《演义》三绝"之"义绝"。

Guan Yu, with the word "Yun Chang", was a famous general in the late Eastern Han Dynasty. He followed Liu Bei around the country in his early days and was captured by Cao Cao. He killed Yuan Shao's senior general Yan Liang at Baima Slope. Together with Zhang Fei, they were called enemies of ten thousand people. When Liu Bei started his army, Guan Yu followed Liu Bei with great loyalty and was trusted by Liu Bei. Liu Bei, Zhuge Liang and others entered the Kingdom of Shu, and Guan Yu guarded the state. After Liu Bei captured Hanzhong, Guan Yu took advantage of his power to attack the State of Wei in the north. He once encircled Fan, imposed prohibitions, cut down Pang De, and shook the Central Plains. However, when the Eastern Wu attacked Jingzhou, Guan Yu was defeated and killed. After his death, Guan Yu was gradually deified and honored as "Guan Gong" by the people; The imperial courts in the past dynasties have many commendatory awards. In the Qing Dynasty, they were honored as the "Great Emperor of Loyalty, Righteousness, Deity, Spirit, Blessing, Benevolence, Courage, and Power", worshipped as the "Sage of Martial Arts", as well as the "Sage of Literature" Confucius. The Romance of the Three Kingdoms honored him as the first of the "Five Tigers" in Shu, and Mao Zonggang called him the "Yi Jue" of the "Three Jues" in the Romance



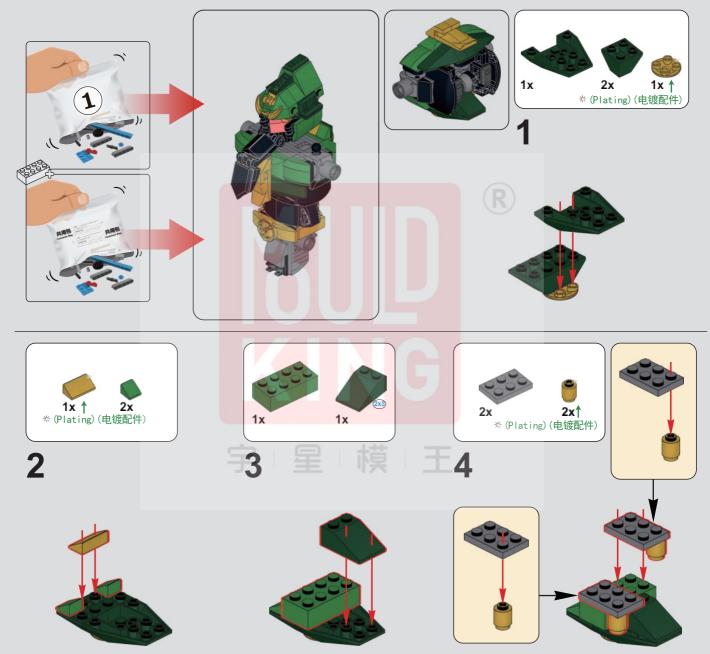
刘备建立蜀汉,五虎上将各自起到了不同的作用。关羽早期跟随刘备辗转各地,曾被曹操生擒,于白马坡斩杀袁绍大将颜良,与张飞一同被称为万人敌。刘备称汉中王后,关羽率军围襄樊,曹操派于禁前来增援,等河擒获于禁,斩杀庞德,威震华夏,曹操曾一度想迁都以避其锐。关羽在后世的影响可以说是五虎上将里最高的,从北宋开始,两朝历代就开始了对关羽的追封,逐渐成为武圣,在民间以各种方式对其进行祭拜,被尊为"三界伏魔大帝"。

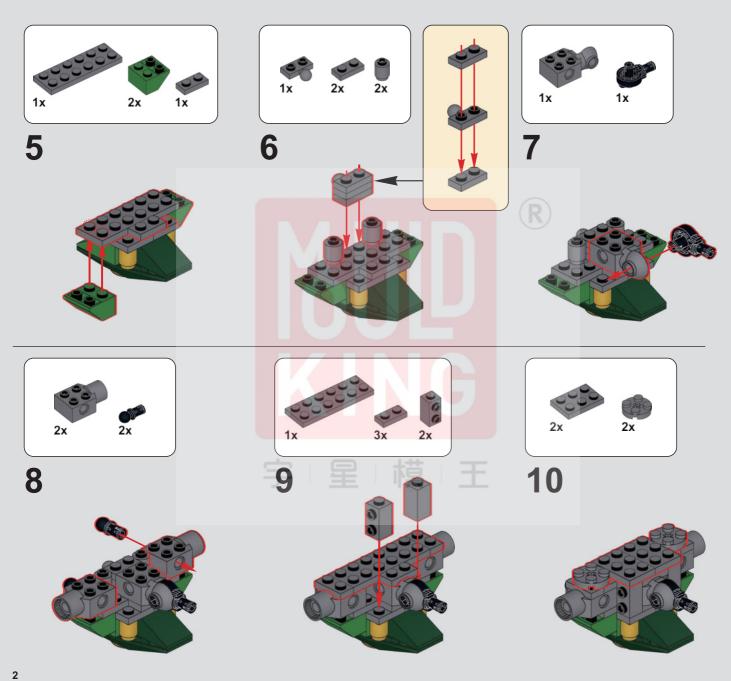
When Liu Bei established the Shuhan, the Five Tiger Generals played different roles. Guan Yu followed Liu Bei around the country in his early days. He was captured alive by Cao Cao and killed Yan Liang, the senior general of Yuan Shao in Baima Slope. Together with Zhang Fei, Guan Yu was called the enemy of ten thousand people. Liu Bei said that the Queen of Hanzhong, Guan Yu led the army to encircle Xiangfan, and Cao Cao sent Yu Jin to reinforce. Guan Yu captured Yu Jin, killed Pang De, and shocked China. Cao Cao once wanted to move the capital to avoid its sharp edge. Guan Yu's influence in later generations can be said to be the highest among the generals of the Five Tigers. Since the Northern Song Dynasty, Guan Yu has been crowned as a martial saint in all dynasties. He has been worshipped by people in various ways and is honored as the "Three Kingdoms Lord Subduing the Devil".



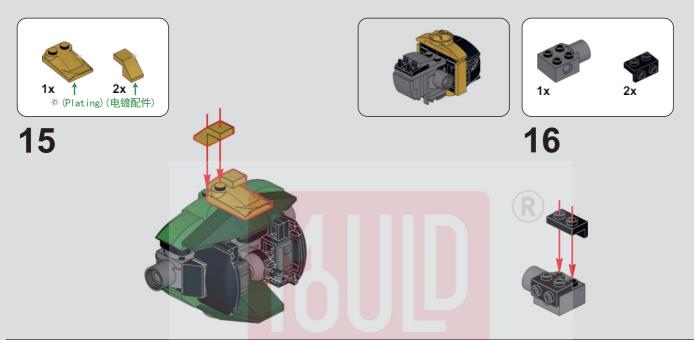
偃月刀属于长柄刀的一种。其中青龙偃月刀是《三国演义》中关羽的兵器。刀身或柄头都有许多精细的雕刻。正因其重量较重,所以斩、劈的威力非同小可。但也因此,却不适用于战场杀敌,而成为训练、仪仗,或宫殿侍卫的武器。青龙偃月刀是整个三国故事中最为著名的兵器,它几乎与关羽融为一体,人们几乎理所当然地认为关羽应当使用这把刀,关于它的传说大家耳熟能详:温酒斩华雄、斩颜良文丑、过五关斩六将。即便到今天,这种造型的刀仍被称作"关刀"或"关王刀"。可见其在百姓心目中的尊崇地位。

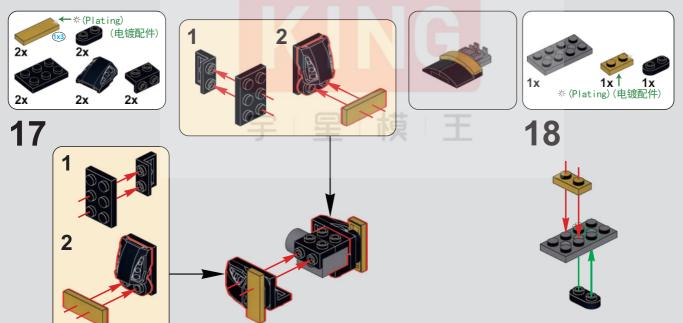
Yan Yue Dao belongs to a kind of long handle Dao. Among them, the Green Dragon Yanyue Sabre is Guan Yu's weapon in The Romance of the Three Kingdoms. There are many fine carvings on the blade or handle. Because of its heavy weight, the power of chopping and chopping is remarkable. However, it is not suitable for killing enemies on the battlefield, but becomes a weapon for training, honor guards, or palace guards. The Green Dragon Yanyue Sabre is the most famous weapon in the whole story of the Three Kingdoms. It is almost integrated with Guan Yu. People almost take it for granted that Guan Yu should use this sabre. Everyone is familiar with its legends: killing Huaxiong with warm wine, killing Yan Liang, and killing six generals after five passes. Even today, this kind of knife is still called "Guan Dao" or "Guan Wang Dao". It can be seen that it has a respected position in the eyes of the people.

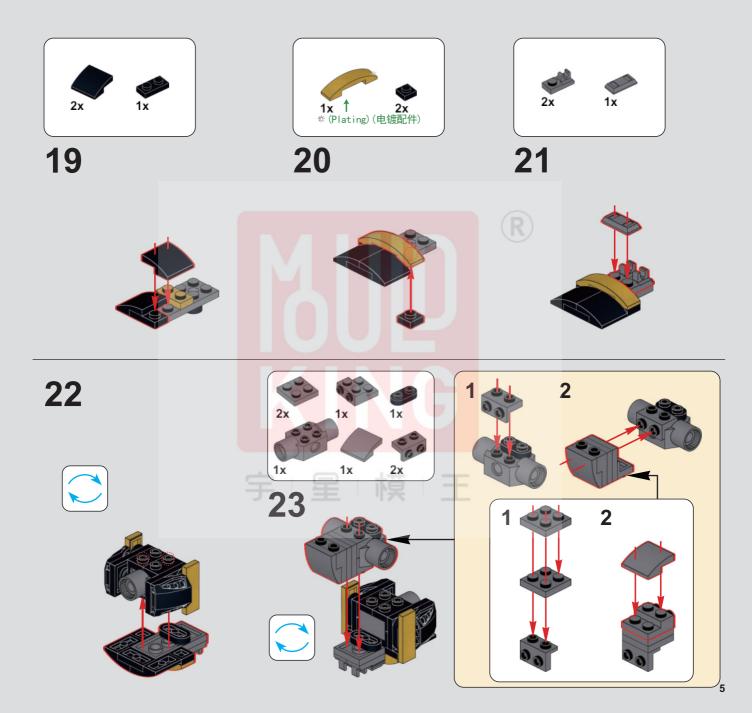




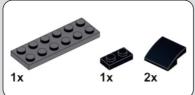












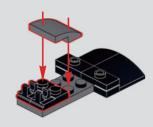


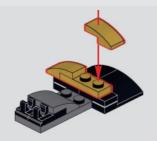


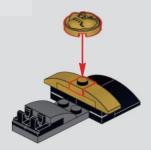




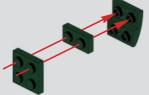


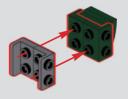


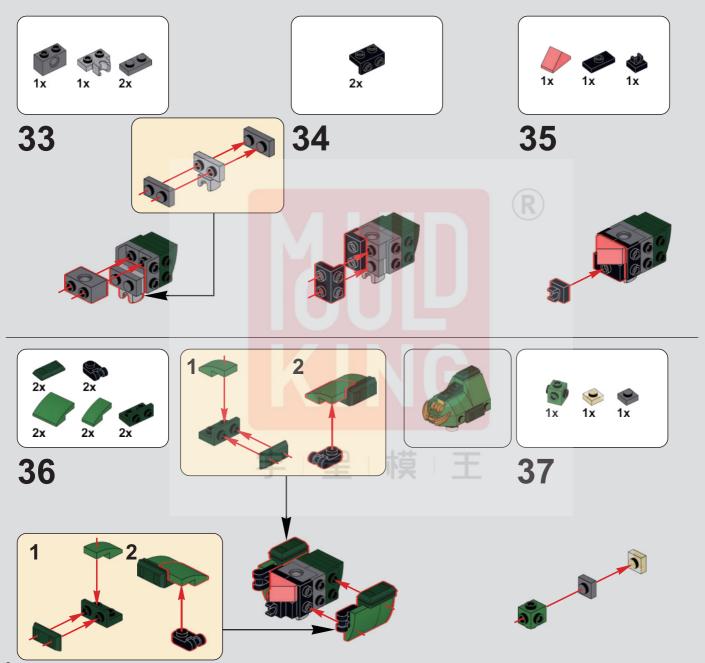




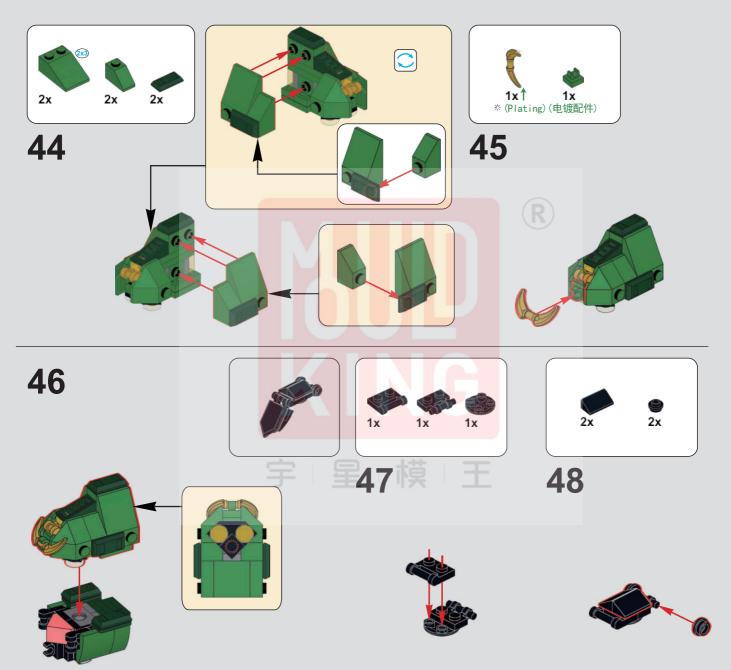


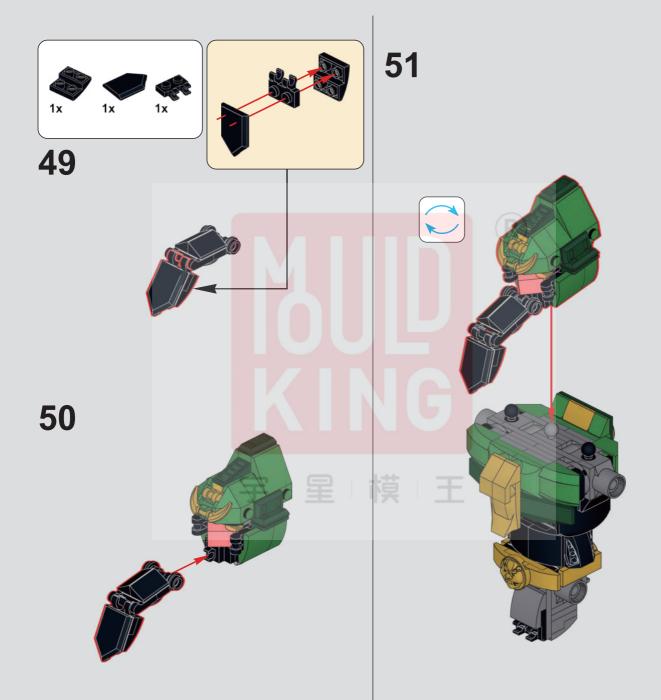


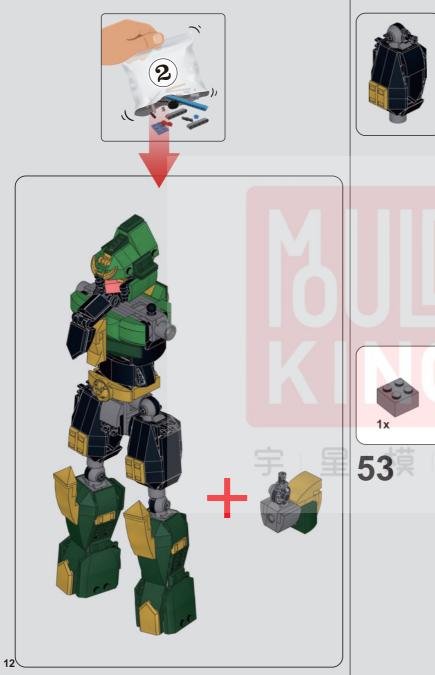






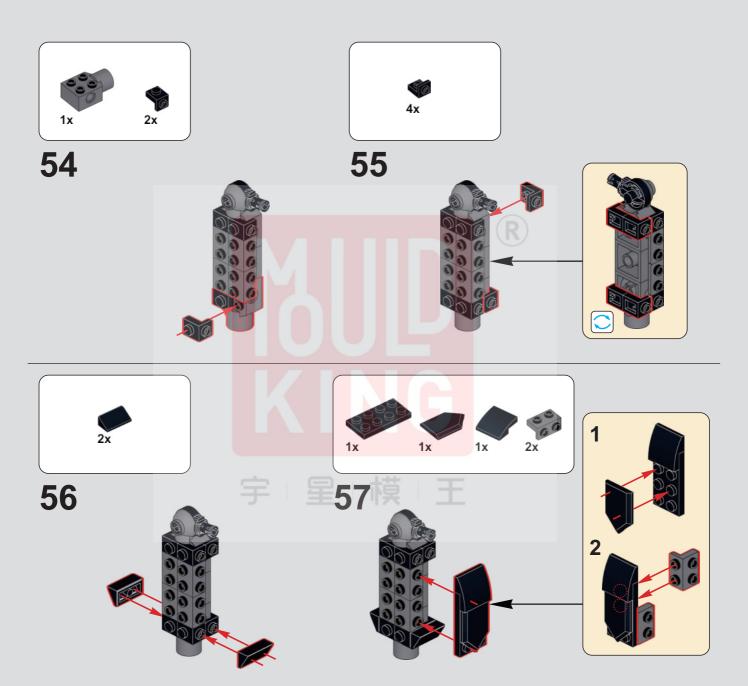




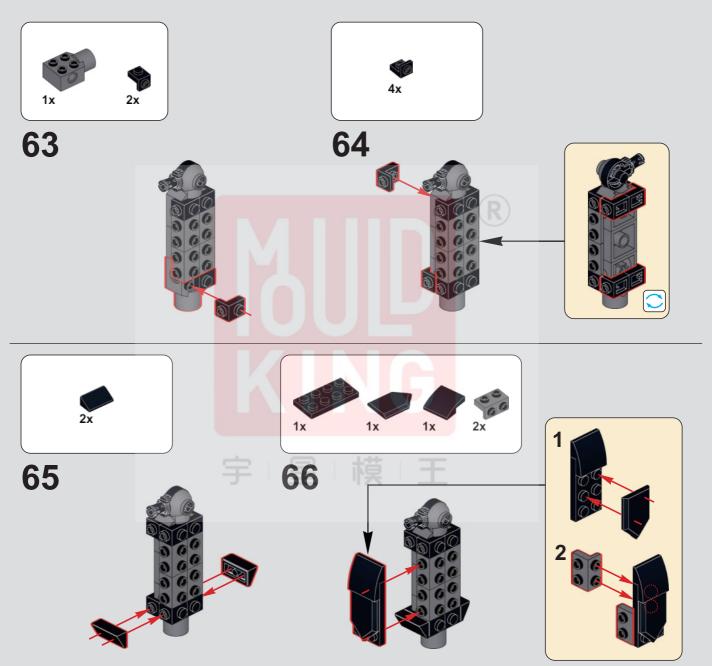






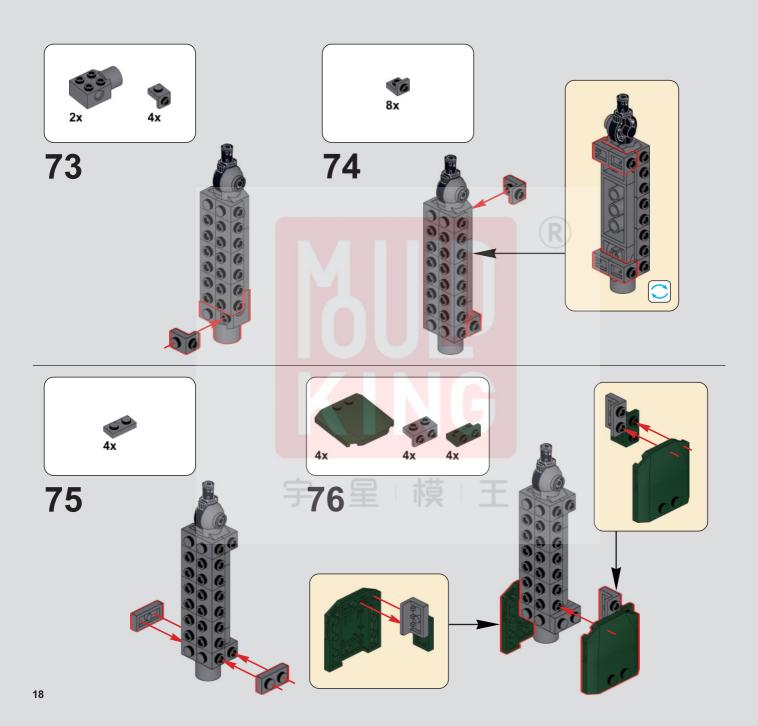




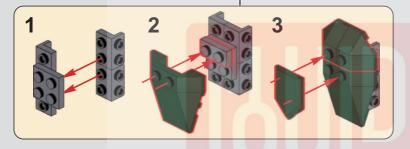


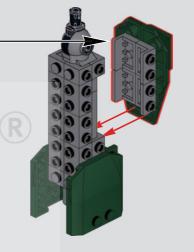


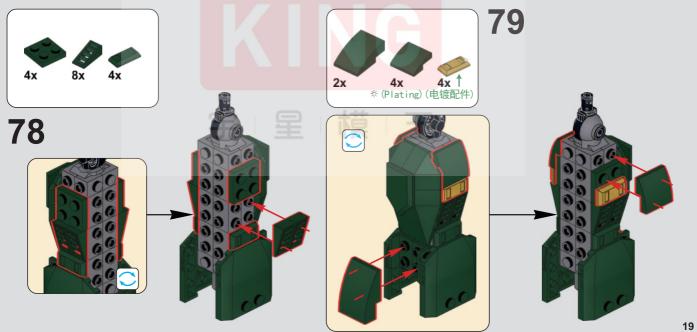




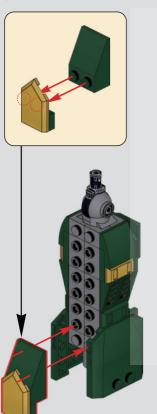




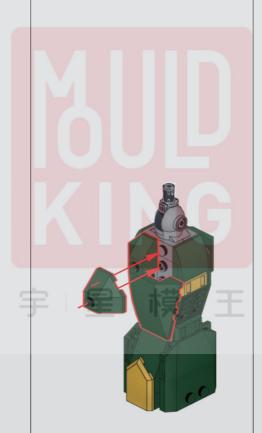




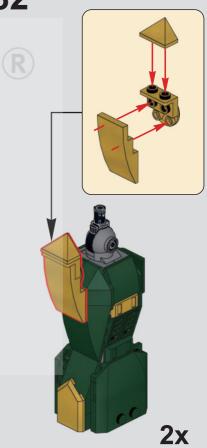




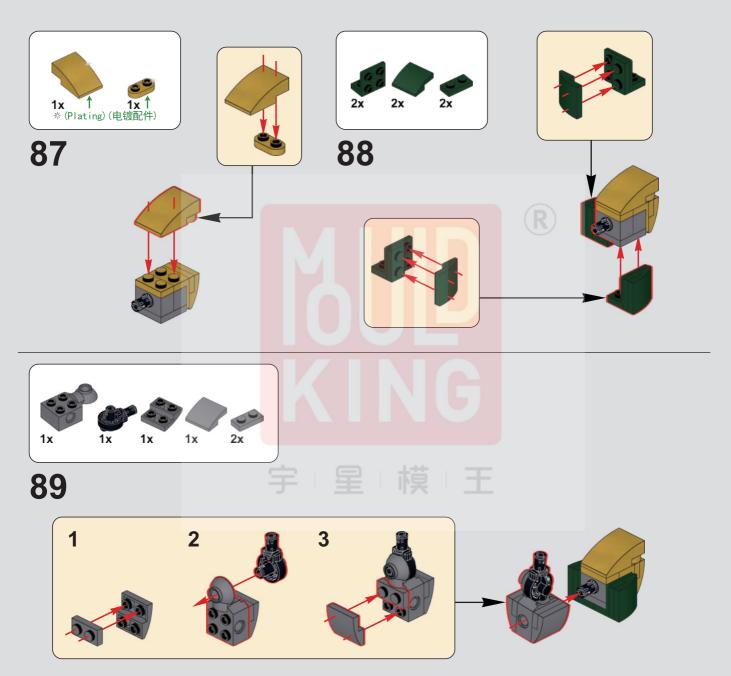


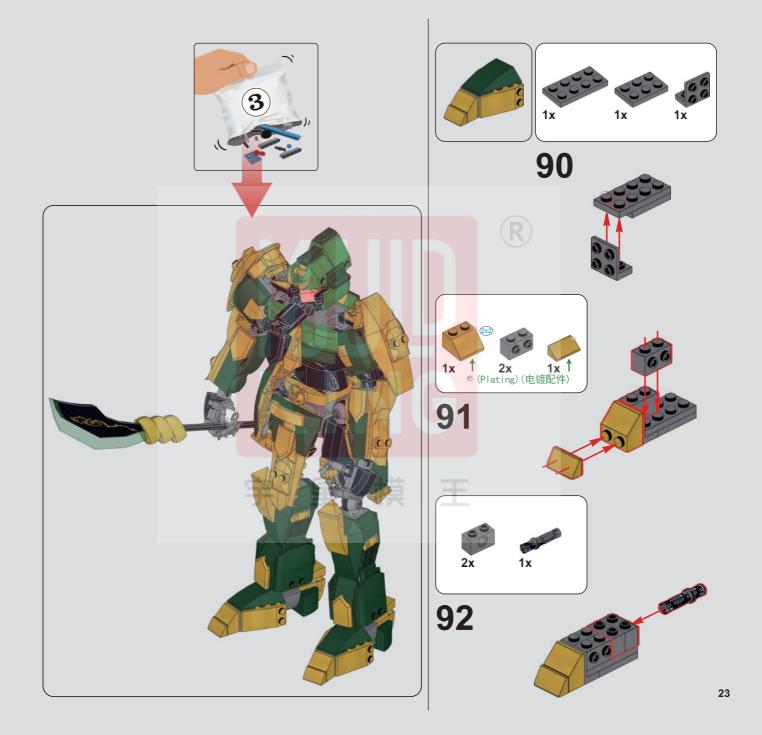




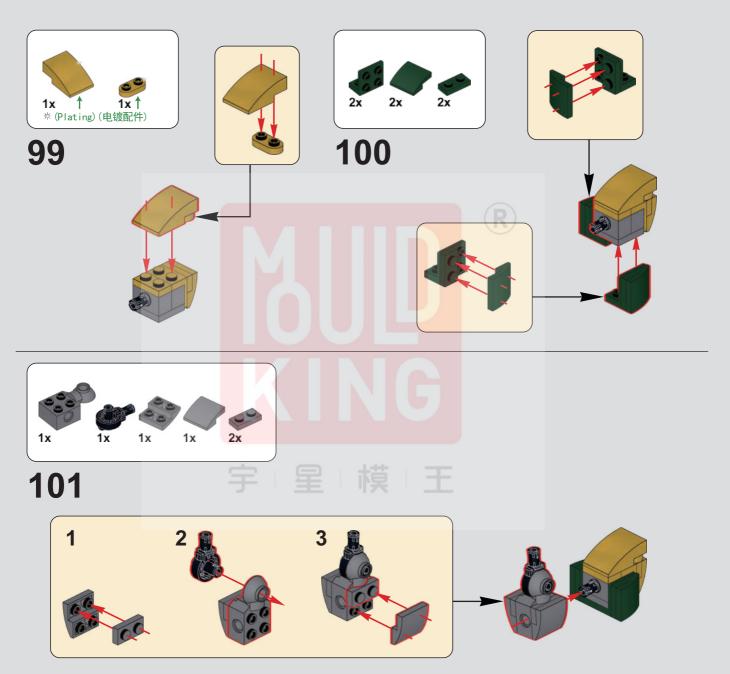


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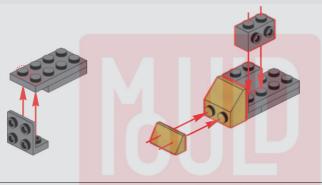


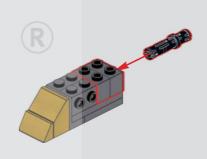




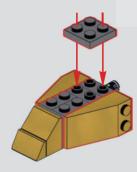




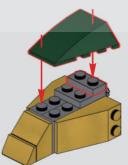




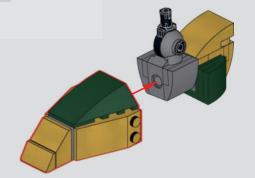












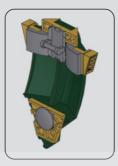




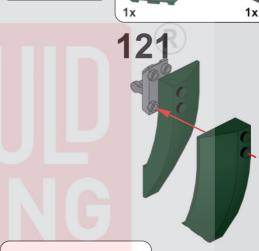




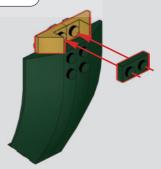


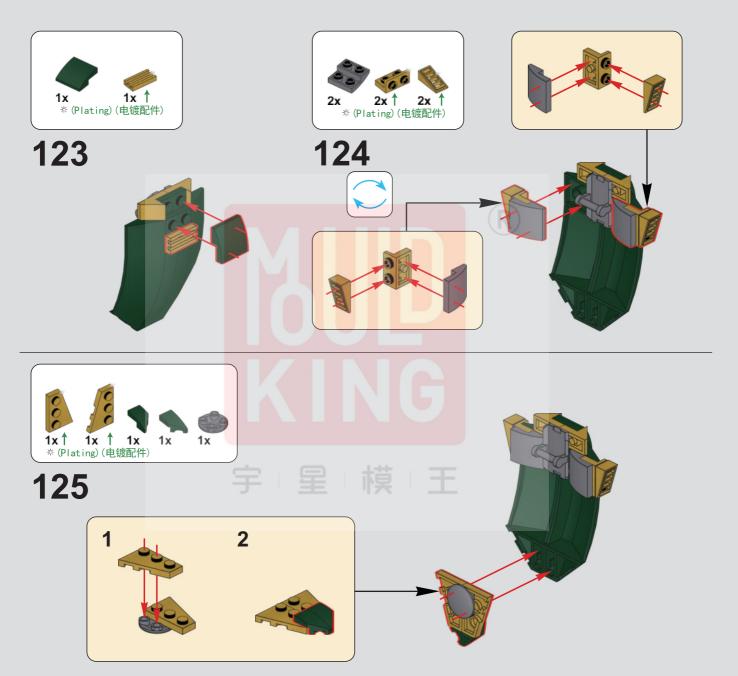




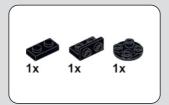




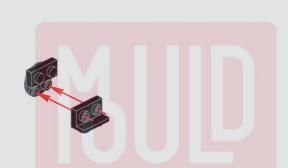












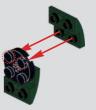


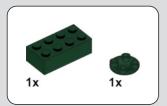


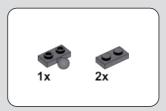










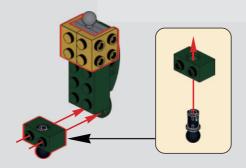


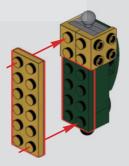






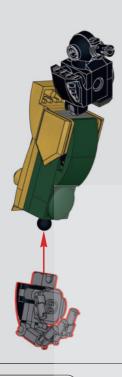
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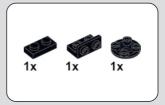






















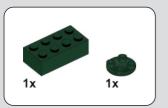






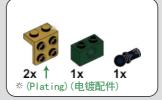


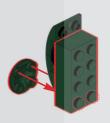


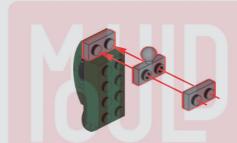


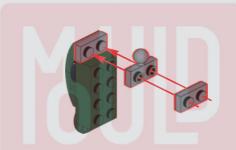


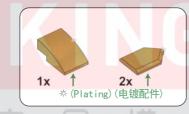




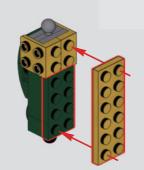


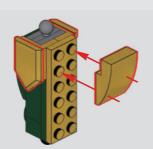


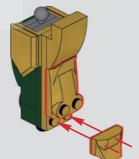










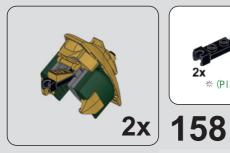


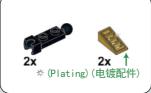


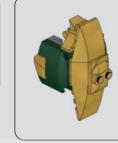






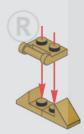


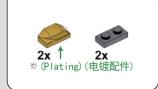








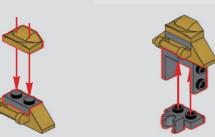




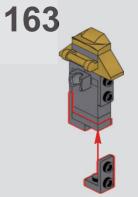




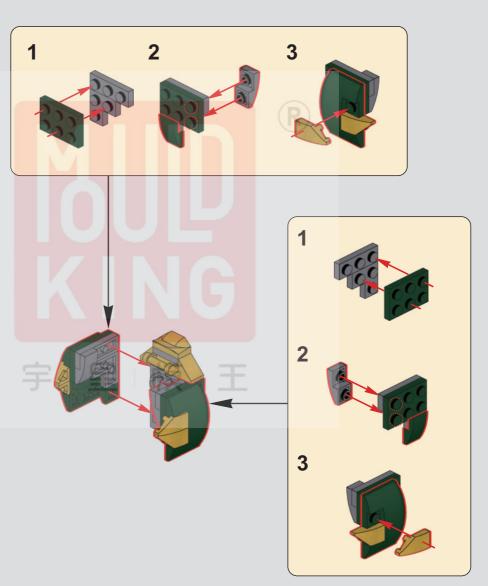


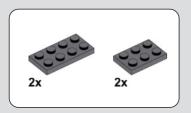










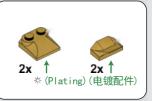












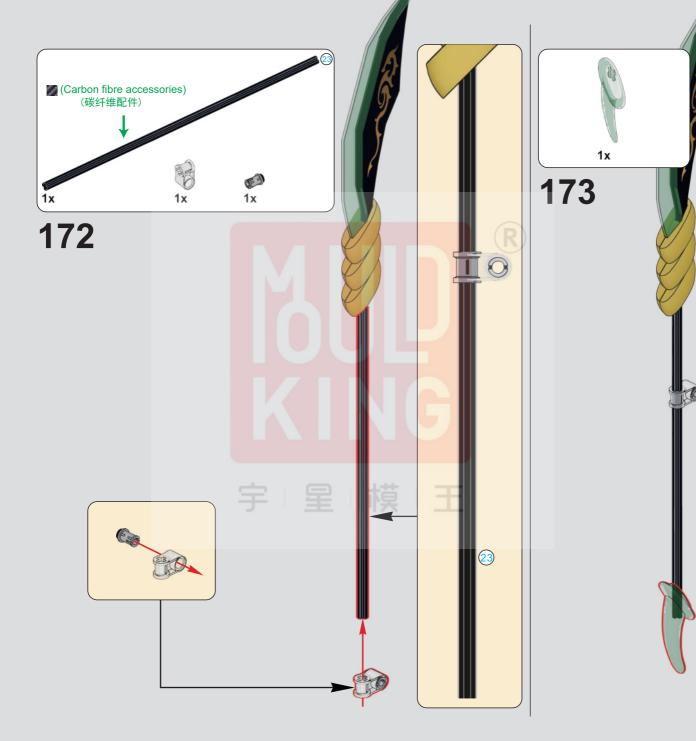




















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